

SIG Cavity Wall Insulation 40 Installation Manual





SIG CWI 40

SIG CWI 40 insulation is a blown glass mineral wool insulation

- Designed with a specialist installation method for external masonry cavity walls
- Non-combustible
- Excellent thermal performance
- Suitable for new-build or retrofit

SIG CWI 40 Application

Designed for use in external masonry walls up to and including 12m in height, with nominal cavity widths not less than 50mm, in new and existing domestic and non-domestic buildings.

The product may also be used in buildings over 12m in height where a height restriction waiver has been issued by SIG Retrofit System Support.







Technician Training, Assessment, Approval and Inspections

THE FOLLOWING IS A GUIDE TO TRAINING REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE INSTALLATION TECHNICIAN.

EXISTING APPROVED INSTALLING COMPANY

- A training programme to be carried out by the installing company to include, company induction, health & safety, customer care and on-site training with qualified technician(s) covering all aspects of installation procedures
- Attend an approved training centre for training course on flues, chimneys and combustion air ventilators (NOTE: Not to be completed online)
- Attend a SIG Retrofit System Support classroom training session as required. Continuation of on-site training with qualified technician(s) overseen by SIG Retrofit System Support (Technical System Support Manager)
- Technician assessment and approval. An assessment will be carried out by SIG Retrofit System Support (Technical System Support Manager) at the end of the training period to ascertain if the trainee technician is competent to become an approved technician. When approved the technician will be supplied with an ID card confirming approval and notification sent to British Board of Agrément (BBA)
- Technician ID card should be kept on person at all times for on-site inspection

NEW APPROVED INSTALLING COMPANY

- Technician training for a new approved installing company will be carried out under the guidance and supervision of SIG Retrofit System Support as the BBA System Certificate Holder
- Attend an approved training centre for training course on flues, chimneys and combustion air ventilators (NOTE: Not to be completed online)
- Installing company training should include, introduction into the company, general health & safety and customer care
- Attend a SIG Retrofit System
 Support classroom training session
 which covers all basic installation
 procedures when installing cavity
 wall insulation
- Technician assessment and approval. An assessment will be carried out by SIG Retrofit System Support (Technical System Support Manager) at the end of the training period to ascertain if the trainee technician is competent to become an approved technician. When approved the technician will be supplied with an ID card confirming approval and notification sent to British Board of Agrément (BBA)
- Technician ID card should be kept on person at all times for on-site inspection

ON-SITE INSPECTIONS

- Following approval each Technician will be inspected on-site a minimum of four times in each year evenly spread throughout the year
- A technician's card will be withdrawn where it is shown that the technician no longer has the capability, intention or competence to undertake the installation in a correct manner

NOTE: Prior to assessment the following would be required:

- a) Copy of valid ACoP's certificate for flues, chimneys and combustion air ventilators
- b) Documentation from installing company listing training development
- c) Recent passport sized photograph

SIG Cavity Wall Insulation 40 Training Programme

Unce all boxes are ticked, please contact your SIG Tec	innical S	ystem Support Manager for assessment.
Company:		
Approved installer:		
Name of technician:		
Starting date:		
Person responsible for training:		
External ACoPs accreditation validated		Fitting cavity barriers/brushes
Induction course (office)		Sleeving and reinstatement of air bricks
On-site training		Operation of blowing machine
Health and safety		On-site quality control (test box etc.)
Customer care		Filling operation
Pre-installation checks		Making good
Drilling patterns		Post-installation checks
Drilling operation		Flues and combustion air
At the end of the training programme, SIG Retrofit System Supp to ensure that he or she has acquired a good basic knowledge o		
Declaration		
This is to confirm that		has completed the above training
on the		System(s)
BBA no/s		
Technical System Support Manager signature:		
Technician's signature:		
Date:		

Representation of SIG Retrofit System Support Training Programme available on request.

Typical Equipment Check List

- ✓ Approved blowing machine (see page 13)
- ✓ Lorry or trailer
- ✓ SIG CWI 40 Installation kit, consisting of:
 - ✓ 3 x 15m length hose @ 51mm diameter
 - ✓ 2 x 51mm hose connectors
 - ✓ 6 x 51mm hose clips
 - ✓ 1 x 22mm or 25mm injection nozzle (22mm for retro-fit installations, 25mm for new build installations)
 - ✓ 1 x 500mm x 500mm x 100mm test box (either a steel or a wooden box)
- √ 0 2 kg spring balance scales
- ✓ HSE approved extension ladders
- ✓ Additional approved access equipment as required
- ✓ Inspection lamps
- ✓ Drilling machines (110v heavy duty with safety clutch)
- ✓ Hand tools, including chisel/hammer etc.
- ✓ Yard brush, shovel, dustpan & brush, rubbish bags
- ✓ Making good equipment: trowel, jointing bar/trowel, mortar hawk, mortar or sand & cement, range of colour pigments, rendering finishes, mixing bowl/bucket
- ✓ Personal protective equipment and access safety kit
- ✓ Tool kit: spanners, screwdrivers, hacksaw, hammer, pliers

Customer Care

THE FOLLOWING POINTS MAY SEEM OBVIOUS BUT IT IS IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER THAT THIS COULD BE THE CUSTOMER'S FIRST EXPERIENCE OF CWI.

PRE-INSTALLATION

- 1 Confirm that you are at the correct address and identify yourself to the customer, addressing them by name and presenting your credentials
- 2 Request permission to park on the customer's property and outline the access required and the procedure to be carried out. Ensure you include information on the use of any ladders, planks, scaffolding or towers to be used
- **3** Put down dust sheets where required and advise of any additional precautions required, for example removal of items from shelves or window sills. Offer assistance if required
- **4** If it is not a detached property confirm that all the neighbours are aware of the work being carried out
- **5** Ensure any vehicles or washing that may be damaged are removed and windows are closed before commencing work
- 6 Identify and communicate any issues including defects to the customer and report on work card before commencing work

DURING INSTALLATION

- **1** Request permission to use the customer's toilet facilities if required
- **2** Avoid criticism of competitor companies
- **3** Do not respond negatively to any complaints simply follow procedure by recording, referring to your company and assuring the customer that it will be dealt with in an efficient and timely manner
- **4** Do not argue with the customer under any circumstance
- **5** Ensure any damage caused however small is reported both to the customer and to your company and the customer is advised it will be dealt with appropriately

POST-INSTALLATION

- 1 Remove all rubbish and thoroughly clean up any mess once work is complete
- 2 Ask the customer to examine and inspect the work carried out and sign any appropriate compliance and satisfaction paperwork

Pre and Post Installation Checks

PRE - INSTALLATION CHECKS

Must be carried out by the installation crew to ensure that, the property is suitable and to familiarise themselves as to the property details, confirm suitability, carry out safety checks on all heating appliances and that, all ventilators are of the required standard and functioning correctly.



POST - INSTALLATION CHECKS

Must be carried out to ensure that the installation has been completed, and that no damage has occurred to the property.

All heating appliances /ventilators must be checked for safe operation and results documented and make sure that the customer is satisfied before leaving site.

Drilling Operation

Every care should be taken to minimise the amount of debris that falls into the cavity.

When drilling holes through the outer leaf, make sure they do not slope inwards towards the cavity.

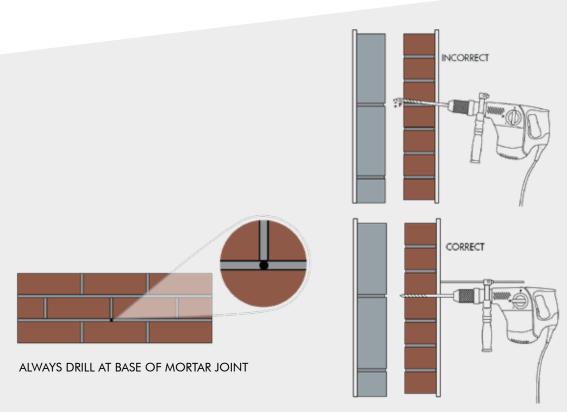
When drilling facing brickwork, make sure the holes are drilled at the base of the mortar joint.

All drilling must be completed on one elevation and at least 2m of the adjacent elevations before injection commences on that elevation.

Care should be taken when drilling next to building features. It is advisable to drill at least two courses below such features.

With a new build property, you can fill via the inner leaf, before the walls are plastered. However all holes must be drilled in the mortar joints and not through the blocks or bricks.





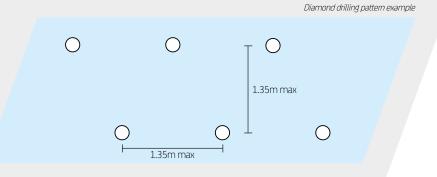
Drilling Pattern

HOLE DIAMETERS

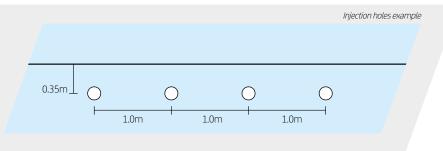
• SIG CWI 40: 22mm or 26mm

Subject to the constraints given below, the distance between successive injection holes should be a maximum of 1.35m.

Wherever possible, a diamond pattern should be used so that an injection hole in one row is midway between holes in the rows above and below.



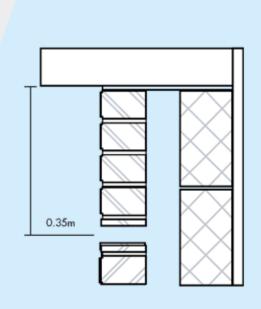
At the tops of walls and under gables, the topmost injection holes should not be more than 0.35m below the upper edge of the cavity to be filled. Additionally, under horizontal boundaries, for example under eaves, windows or lintels, the centres between the topmost injection holes should not exceed 1.0m.



With sloping boundaries, for example under the eaves of a gable end, the centres between the successive injection holes should be between 1.0m and 1.35m depending on the slope of the boundary. The nearer the boundary is to the horizontal, the closer together the holes should be.

The lowest blowing holes should not be more than 0.8m above the horizontal DPC

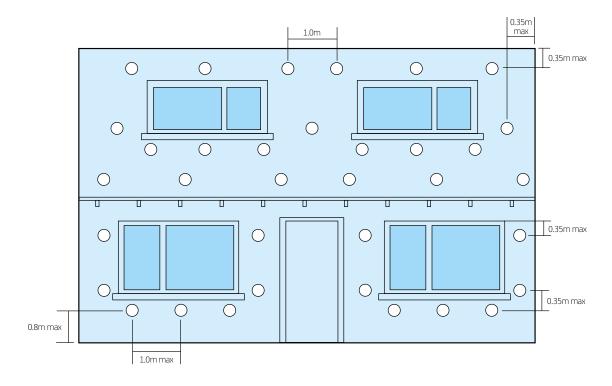
Extra injection holes will be required to ensure completeness of fill around building features. Where lintels project beyond a vertical cavity closure the 0.35m rule shall apply.



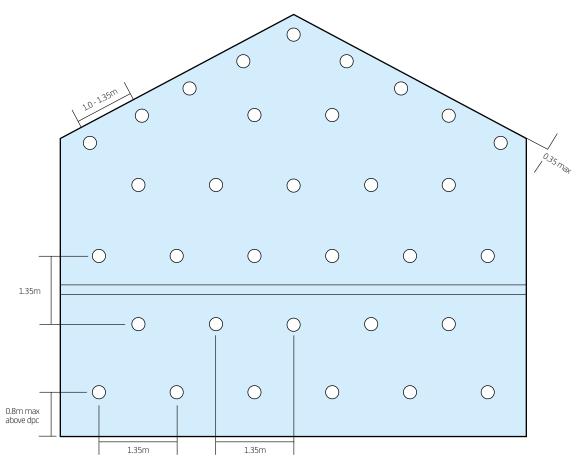
Projected lintels example

Drilling Pattern

TYPICAL SIG CWI 40 DRILLING PATTERN - FRONTAGE



TYPICAL SIG CWI 40 DRILLING PATTERN - PLAIN GABLE END



Drilling Pattern

TYPICAL DETACHED HOUSE ELEVATIONS



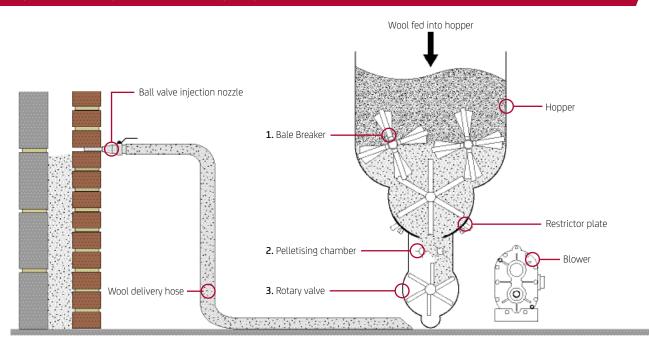


Injection Machinery

SIG CWI 40 insulation must be installed using an approved blowing machine.

The following blowing machines are approved by the British Board of Agrément (BBA).

• Stewart Energy Diesel • Stewart Energy Electric • Timco • Krendl KR 2300 (750 & 1000) (500)



Each blowing machine is identified as being approved by a plate/label showing the BBA Certificate No. 11/4834 (SIG CWI 40).

As far as the handling and treatment of SIG CWI 40 is concerned, the blowing machines are virtually identical.

The job of each piece of equipment is detailed below:

- The BALE BREAKER opens up the compressed bale of blowing wool
- In the PELLETISING section, the bale is agitated
- The adjustable RESTRICTOR PLATE at the base of the pelletising chamber controls the wool residence time in the chamber, which in turn controls the pellet characteristics to achieve the required installed density
- As the processed insulation passes through the ROTARY VALVE it enters the airstream generated by the BLOWER and passes into the blowing hose and through the nozzle for delivery in to the cavity being insulated
- A pressure switch is connected to the machine control circuits, when actuated it causes the drive clutches to disengage thus stopping the blower and wool feed once the cavity wall area is filled to the required density
- An air adjustment control is fitted to all blowing machines and is used for control of the installed density

Quality Checks

The Blowing Wool to be used has been subjected to strict quality control procedures during manufacture and it is necessary to check that it has been kept clean and dry.

PRESSURE SWITCH

A daily calibration check should be carried out to ensure that the blowing machine pressure switch is operating correctly.

Start the engine and insert the nozzle into a breathable bag. Start blowing wool into the bag whilst watching the blowing pressure gauge. Block off the nozzle gently inside the bag. Blowing should cease when the gauge registers 260 - 280 mbar.

If necessary adjust the switch. To adjust, using a small screwdriver turn the screw in to increase the pressure and out to lower the pressure.

WOOL DENSITY CHECK

Fill test box with wool and note time taken (typically between 20 - 45 seconds).

Check visually that box has been completely filled.

Empty contents of box into a bag and weigh - the optimum weight for SIG CWI 40 is as follows:

NOTE

Additionally, the air adjustment control fitted to the blowing machines should be used for control of the density.

- To increase density reduce air being dumped.
- To reduce density increase air being dumped.

Recommended blowing machine operating pressure:

- Air only: 120-160 mbar
- Air & wool: 180-220 mbar

Product	Weight (kg)	Installed density (kg/m³)
SIG CWI 40	0.9 (±0.1)	18

If the weight is below the optimum weight, close the restrictor plate one quarter turn.

If the weight is greater than the optimum weight, open the restrictor plate one quarter turn.

Then blow into a bag to empty the pipe and re-fill the test



The Filling Operation

Filling should proceed from the bottom to the top of walls and from the most to the least restricted sections. Filling from the bottom ensures a uniform fill.

The blowing machine is simple to operate, 1 - 2 bales of wool can be emptied into the hopper at once. It is not recommended to allow the hopper to get less than half full. The feed rate is automatically controlled and the only necessary adjustment will be to the restrictor plate, air adjustment control or engine revs in order to obtain the correct density fill.

Insulant should be introduced into each injection hole in turn. Starting at one end of the elevation, at the bottom of the wall, work across from side to side.

The tip of the nozzle is inserted into the pre-drilled hole. Nozzle rotation is not required.

Once the blowing machine has started, the insulant will continue to flow at a steady rate until a signal from the pressure switch de-energises the clutches, indicating that the part of the cavity adjacent to the injection hole is now filled to within the nominal density required.

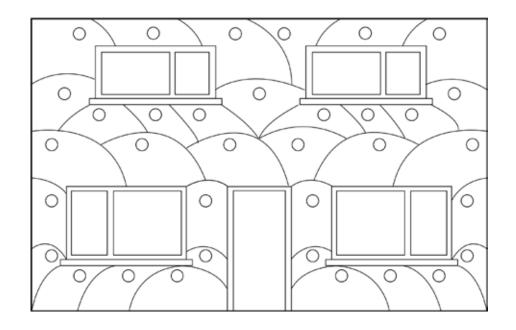
When filling of the hole is complete, shut off the ball valve before removing the nozzle.

Once the nozzle has been moved into the next injection hole, re-open the ball valve so that injection of insulant can continue by activating the start switch.

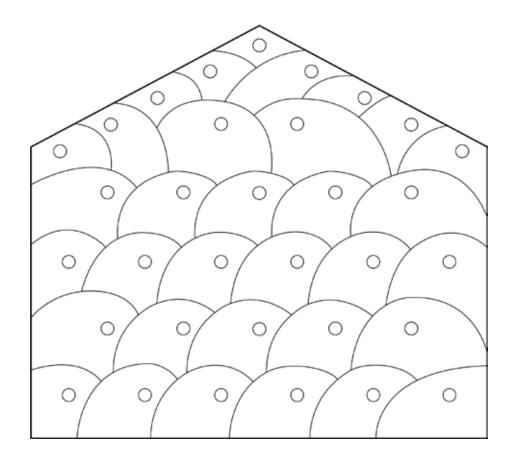


The Filling Operation

TYPICAL SIG CWI 40 FILLING PATTERN - FRONTAGE



TYPICAL SIG CWI 40 FILLING PATTERN - PLAIN GABLE END



Installed Density Checks

INSTALLED DENSITY CHECKS

To check that the correct fill has been obtained, the number of bales used on site and average cavity width should be recorded on the work card and an average installed density calculated.

FOR EXAMPLE:

SIG CWI 40

Gross Area of Walls 110m²

Less Openings 27m²

Net Area 83m²

Average Cavity Width 65mm = 0.065

Volume of Cavity $83m^2 \times 0.065 = 5.4m^3$

No. of SIG CWI 40 Bags Used 5.5 x 17.6kg = 96.8kg = 18kg/m³ 5.4m³

Cavity widths can vary considerably within one building. Therefore at least ten cavity width measurements should be made at various heights in the building. (Cavity widths can tend to vary the greater distance from ground level).

NOTE:

For an average density of 18kg/m³ the following coverage can be obtained.

Cavity Width - mm	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100
Coverage - m2/bale	19.53	17.80	16.30	15.00	14.00	13.00	12.20	10.90	10.80	10.30	9.80

Making Good

The importance of making good after the installation cannot be overemphasised. Leaving the property in the same condition that you found it in is the best possible recommendation and source of new leads.

MAKING GOOD HOLES

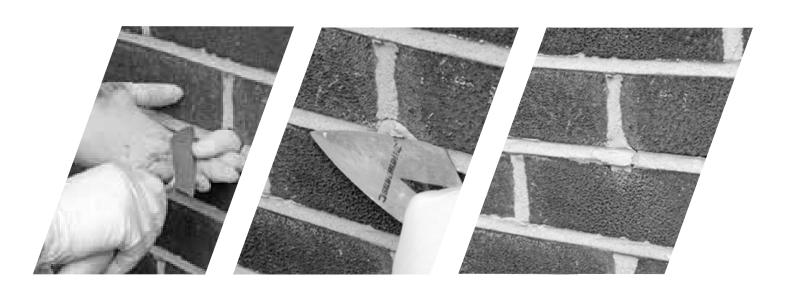
A mortar mix should be made up before the installation begins. That way the preceding holes can be made good while the next hole is filling. It also allows adjustments to be made to the colour match when required. Make sure that the customer understands that although every effort is made to match the existing finish particularly to painted areas it may be difficult due to weathering etc.

BRICK FACED PROPERTIES

Wet an area of wall to give you a better match indication. Choose the correct type and colour of sand for the local area. Different parts of the building may require different colours/mixes to match the existing mortar (mortar dyes may help to achieve the match). In some cases it may be necessary to touch-up the corners of the brick with mortar dyes.

RENDERED/TYROLENE-FACED/PEBBLE DASH AND SPA CHIPPING FINISHES WALLS.

Special care must be taken with rendered walls, the colour and texture of the facing type being chip/pebble/spa-chippings etc, these should be copied as closely as possible. It may be possible to re-use spa chippings from drilling debris. Remember that your mortar mix may need to be slightly wetter, in order to retain the chippings.



Technician's Safety Check Sheet

Flues, Chimneys & Combustion Air Ventilators

Date:					
Job Reference Number:					
Customer Name:					
Property Address:					
This Check sheet specifies the minimum It must be read in association with "Tech			_		fuel-burning applianes.
Survey, Identify & Record					
Fuel type(s)	Gas	Oil	Coal	_ Wood	Bio-mass
Appliance type(s)	Boiler			Balance Flue	
Flue / chimney location(s)	Internal Wall				
Location of combustion air ventilator(s)	Front Elevation				
	Tronc Elevation	Side Elevation			-
Additional Ventilation					
Additional ventilation required			Y/N	Comments	
Location of combustion appliance					
Type of combustion appliance					
kW rating of appliance requiring addition	nal ventilation			_	
mm² of free air installed				_	
Pre-Installation Checks					
Appliances identified, flue / chimney rou	utes, internal & external		Y/N	Comments	
Appliance run**			Y/N		
View & note flame colour**			Y/N		
Combustion gases check externally**			Y/N		
Appliance checked (smoke test / spillag	e test)**		Y/N		
Smoke / spillage test satisfactory**			Y / N		
Combustion air supply adequate			Y / N		
Installation - Visual Check					
Flue, chimney routes to avoid drilling in	to them		Y / N	Comments	
Flue, chimney routes to avoid ingress of	material		Y / N		
Combustion air ventilator(s) unobstructe	ed		Y / N		
Post Installation					
Appliance(s) run at maximum for minin	num of 5 minutes**		Y/N	Comments	
Visual check that flame compares with	pre-installation**		Y / N		
Smoke test / spillage test satisfactory**			Y / N		
If results were unclear, re-test after a fur	ther 10 minutes**		Y / N		
Re-test satisfactory**			Y / N		
** Only on appliances fitted to flues & ch	nimney on external walls		Y/N		
If there is any doubt or any question ans	swered N then:				
Switch OFF appliance Issue WARNING NOTICE ADVISE occupants and owner CALL OUT a competent body or persor	n such as fuel supplier or	maintenance contracto	or (e.g. Gas Safe Registere	ed for gas).	
Important: It is the installing Compan carry out these safety checks could le				o discharge these resp	onsibilities. Failure to

New Build Installations

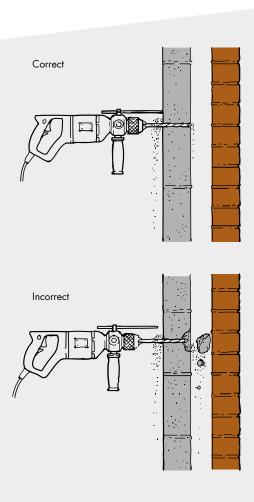
Injection must not be undertaken until all cavities are sealed. Internal installation should preferably take place before the walls are plastered.

Drilling must be in the mortar joints, to avoid spalling to the cavity face of the blocks.

The property should be inspected and defects reported prior to SIG CWI 40 being installed.







New Build Survey and Installation Report

FOR BUILDINGS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

SURVEYOR/TECHNICIAN DECLARATION

Material used: Ex	kternal Wall		Material Used: Party Wall	
SIG CWI 40:		Y/N	SIG CWI Party Wall:	Y/N
SIG CWI 34:		Y / N	Test box results: weight	kg
Supafil Frame:		Y / N	time	seconds
Test box results:	weight	kg	Number of bags installed:	
	time	seconds	Batch number:	
Number of bags ir	nstalled:		Installed density:	kg/m³
Batch number:			All holes correctly filled and complete:	Y/N
Installed density:		kg/m³	Machine type:	
Cavity tray's prese	nt:	Y / N	Hose arrangement:	
Gable; Intermediate Flo	oor: Lean to roof; DPC, Above windov	v pier	Nozzles:	
Where:			Special remarks:	
Do the dable anev	res require insulating*:	Y / N		
	insulated if no cavity tray is present			
the BBA as far as car	n be practically determined fror	n the visible construction, th	Number and the receive building is suitable for installation.	
Name:			Date:	
SITE AGEN	T			
Technician sign in	time:		Technician sign out time:	
Material used: Ex	kternal Wall		Material Used: Party Wall	
SIG CWI 40:		Y/N	SIG CWI Party Wall:	Y/N
SIG CWI 34:		Y / N	Cavity tray present at each floor level:	Y/N
Supafil Frame:		Y/N	Do the gable apexes require insulating*:	Y/N
Drill pattern inspe with system desig	cted and compliant ner specification:	Y/N	*Gable apexes must be insulated if no cavity tray is present also be insulated if the gable apex forms part of a warm roo	
Cavity trays preser	nt:	Y / N		
Where:				
			nfirm that the cavity walls have been built according to the app tion. I am not aware of defects in the construction of the cavity	
Name:			Date:	

New Build Survey and Installation Report

FOR BUILDINGS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Technician 1 name:		Technician 2 name:	
CSCS number:		CSCS number:	
Date of installation:		Site address:	
Client:			
Client's order no:			
House type:			
To be installed according to Agrément Certificate N	0:		
Special instructions to Surveyor and/or Technician:		Plot number:	
DETAILS OF BUILDING TO BE I Detached/semi/terrace/other – specify:		Areas of external cavity wall to remain uninsulate	ed:
Expected cavity wall area to be filled:			
Design width of cavity:		Expected party wall area to be filled:	sq.m
Internal/external filling:	_	Design width of party wall cavity:	mm
CONSTRUCTION			
CONSTRUCTION			
		Brick work complete:	Y / N
Type of brick/block:		Brick work complete: Weep holes to lintels:	Y / N Y / N
Type of brick/block:Type of wall tie:		·	
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls:		Weep holes to lintels:	Y / N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with		Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete:	Y / N Y / N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with weathered, bucket handle or birdsmouth jointing:	Y / N	Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete: Eaves detail - sealed:	Y / N Y / N Y / N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with weathered, bucket handle or birdsmouth jointing: Measured width of cavity:	Y / N _ mm	Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete: Eaves detail - sealed: Dpc free of significant mortar extrusions: Cavity ties free of significant mortar build-up: Exposure of building satisfactory:	Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with weathered, bucket handle or birdsmouth jointing: Measured width of cavity: Height of building:	Y / N _ mm _ m	Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete: Eaves detail - sealed: Dpc free of significant mortar extrusions: Cavity ties free of significant mortar build-up:	Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with weathered, bucket handle or birdsmouth jointing: Measured width of cavity: Height of building: Measured area of cwi:	Y / N _ mm	Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete: Eaves detail - sealed: Dpc free of significant mortar extrusions: Cavity ties free of significant mortar build-up: Exposure of building satisfactory: Remedial works required before installation:	Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with weathered, bucket handle or birdsmouth jointing: Measured width of cavity: Height of building: Measured area of cwi: Roof complete:	Y / N _ mm _ m _ sq.m	Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete: Eaves detail - sealed: Dpc free of significant mortar extrusions: Cavity ties free of significant mortar build-up: Exposure of building satisfactory: Remedial works required before installation: Remedial works to be undertaken by: client/	Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N Y/N
Type of brick/block: Type of wall tie: Number of flues on outside walls: Mortar joints filled to external face, with weathered, bucket handle or birdsmouth jointing: Measured width of cavity: Height of building:	Y/N _ mm _ m _ sq.m Y/N	Weep holes to lintels: Block work complete: Eaves detail - sealed: Dpc free of significant mortar extrusions: Cavity ties free of significant mortar build-up: Exposure of building satisfactory: Remedial works required before installation:	Y/N

COVERAGE RATES

				SIG CW	I 40						
Cavity Width - mm	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100
Coverage - m²/bale	19.53	17.80	16.30	15.00	14.00	13.00	12.20	10.90	10.80	10.30	9.80
SIG	CWI 34						SIG CV	VI PARTY	WALL		
Cavity Width - mm	90	95 100	125	150	С	avity Width	- mm	65	75	85 9	5 100



Find out more 0330 123 1811 email: retrofit@sigplc.com www.sigdistribution.co.uk



All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form, or by any means, electronic or mechanical including photocopy, recording or any information storage and retrieval system, without permission in writing from SIG Trading Ltd. No information contained within this publication can be used to compile any other printed or electronic directory or mailing list. Whilst every effort has been made to ensure accuracy, the publisher does not, under any circumstances, accept responsibility for errors or omissions and no representation or warranty is made in relation to the suitability of a product for a specific application. Copying of the images contained in this publication, in any form without the author's permission, is an unlawful act under the Copyright Designs and Patent Act 1988.